New Hampshire’s public school system – and the way in which money is raised to pay for it – touches the lives of all Granite Staters yet can often be difficult to understand. Listed below are a few questions you might have about how schools are funded in Landaff, along with helpful facts and figures in response. After reading them, we hope you’ll better understand some of the inequities plaguing our school funding system.

What Does Landaff Spend on Public Schools? How Does It Compare to Other Communities?

The 1998-99 school year was the last school year before the State of New Hampshire, in response to the Supreme Court’s Claremont rulings, increased the amount of aid it provides to pay for an “adequate” education. That year, Landaff spent $5,273 per elementary school student or 89 percent of the typical (or median) town’s spending. In the school year 2021-22, Landaff spent $24,102 per elementary pupil, which was 110 percent of the NH Median.

Figure 2 compares spending per elementary pupil in Landaff and the state average for the past fifteen years. It shows that spending in Landaff has dramatically fluctuated around the state average over the years.
New Hampshire’s public school districts spent $3.64 billion during the 2021-22 school year. Of that amount, 40 percent was dedicated to regular classroom instruction, 19 percent to other educational programs (including special education and vocational instruction), 11 percent to administration, 9 percent to building operations, and the remainder was devoted to transportation, food services, and other purposes.

As shown in the table, the proportion of Landaff School District’s spending on regular instruction is much more than the state average, and for special education programs is less than average. Landaff also spends more on administration, plant operations, and pupil transportation than the state average.

### How Many Students Are Enrolled in Landaff Schools?

Average Daily Membership in Residence (ADM/R) is one way in which enrollment is measured. It measures the number of public school students living in a district. ADM/R has been in slow decline in New Hampshire in recent years, attributable to declining birth rates. In Landaff, there has been a decrease of 24 percent from 2006-07. Figure 3 displays ADM/R trends for the past fifteen years in Landaff’s elementary, middle, and high schools. During this period, the number of elementary students decreased by 22 percent, middle school students decreased by 46 percent, and high school students decreased by 1 percent.

### How Does Landaff Pay for Public Schools?

Figure 4 shows all the various revenue sources that Landaff uses to pay for its students’ education, measuring them on a per-pupil basis. It also compares Landaff’s revenue sources to the New Hampshire average. As this figure makes clear, local property taxes are the major source of revenue for public schools across the state.
During the 2021–22 school year, Landaff School District’s total school revenue was $21,182 per pupil, a bit less than the state average of $21,462. Property taxes (local plus statewide) provided $744,756 or 72% percent of the $1,032,211 overall amount, more than the state average. Landaff received $4,231 state “adequacy” aid per pupil. The state average aid is $3,905.

How Do Landaff’s School Property Tax Rates Compare to Other Communities?

1998 was the last tax year before the state responded to the Supreme Court’s Claremont rulings and introduced new aid to pay for an “adequate” education. That year, Landaff’s equalized property tax rate for its schools was $17.31 per $1,000 of property value. This rate was 93% of the median town. In 2021, Landaff’s equalized school property tax rate was $11.96 per $1,000 of value (a $10.28 local tax rate plus a $1.68 state tax rate, which is retained locally), 111% of the median town.
How Has Landaff’s School Property Tax Rate Changed Over Time?

The reforms enacted in 1998 imposed the Statewide Education Property Tax (SWEPT). In 1999 its rate was $5.84 per thousand equalized valuations in Landaff. Also, in 1999 the state began the distribution of its new “adequacy aid” to each district. The result for Landaff was a sudden reduction in its equalized tax rate from $17.31 per thousand in 1998 to $12.27 in 1999. The 2021 equalized rate is $11.96.

How Do Property Values in Landaff Compare to Other Communities?

The most important statistic that relates to the ability of different towns to raise taxes for the purpose of their schools is Equalized Property Value per Pupil or EQVP. EQVP essentially provides an answer to the question, “What resources are available to be taxed in our town for each of the students whose education we pay for through our school budget?” The higher a town’s EQVP, the lower the school property tax rate it needs to use to generate a set sum of money.

In 2021, Landaff had $61,428,980 of equalized property valuation and 41 students (as measured by average daily membership in residence or ADM-R). This means that Landaff’s EQVP that year was $1,486,064. The state average EQVP was $1,599,979. Landaff had 92 percent of the state average. Pittsfield is an example of one of the many communities that had less property value per pupil than Landaff.

Clearly, there is not a level playing field when it comes to the ability of towns’ property tax bases to support their schools.

Note: Data used in this report are taken from reports and spreadsheets of the NH Department of Education (Equalized Valuation per Pupil, Cost Per Pupil by District, Average Daily Membership Based Upon Attendance and Residence (ADM), Average Class Size by School, and DoE25 Extract for State Profile Data for various years). Such data are reported by New Hampshire School Funding Fairness Project.
Hampshire school districts to the Department. Tax rates printed on town tax bills are not equalized and cannot be compared among towns. Using equalized data allows an apples-to-apples comparison among town tax rates and property values.